

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2010

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors

Town of Discovery Bay Community

Services District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 2 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion

CROCE & COMPANY

Accountancy Corporation

Stockton, California

July 25, 2011

on it.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's (District) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 has been provided by the management of the District. The management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements which follow this section and is recommended to be reviewed in conjunction with them.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net assets increased by \$388,422 over the prior year, including a \$119,822 increase in net assets of governmental activities, and a \$268,600 increase in net assets of business-type activities. The District's net assets are now \$42,867,822.
- Total assets of the District were \$43,430,628 with capital assets at \$34,500,391 net of accumulated depreciation. Current and other assets were \$8,930,237.
- Total liabilities were \$562,806 consisting of current liabilities at \$562,806.
- Assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$42,867,822 (net assets). Of this amount, \$8,367,431 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations, and \$34,500,391 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- On the current financial resources basis, the District's governmental fund expenditures (including \$132,555 in capital outlay expenditures) exceeded revenues by \$97,469. The proprietary fund expenses exceeded revenues by \$269,900.
- At year-end, there was \$2,569,098 in cash and investments to fund future governmental activities, and \$5,948,789 in cash and investments to fund future business-type activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements including required supplementary information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements present the results of operations for different functions of the District as follows:

1. **Government-wide financial statements** provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial position in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets displays all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. The Statement of Activities provides all current year

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

revenues and expenses on an accrual basis of accounting regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or weakening.

The government-wide financial statements separately present the District's functions as follows:

- Governmental activities include services financed mainly through property taxes. The
 District's lighting and landscaping and community center services comprise its
 governmental activities.
- Business-type activities include services financed, in whole or in part, by fees paid by those who directly benefit from the service. The District's business-type activities include providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the District.
- 2. Fund financial statements focus on the individual functions of the District, and report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used by state and local governments to control their resources that are legally restricted or otherwise earmarked for special purposes. The District reports its fund financial statements in the following two categories:
 - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on 1) short-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, and 2) the resources remaining at the end of the fiscal year that are available for future use. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation that explains the relationship (or differences) between them is presented following each of the governmental fund statements.
 - **Proprietary funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements in more detail.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements

A review of net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Net assets represent the difference between the District's assets and liabilities. As of June 30, 2010, the District's net assets were \$42,867,822, an increase of \$388,422 from prior year. The following table outlines the District's net assets by function for the current and prior fiscal years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Net Assets

As of June 30, 2010 and 2009

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	<u>Variance</u>	
<u>Assets</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>\$</u>
Current and other							
assets	\$ 2,636,625	\$ 2,526,885	\$ 6,293,612	\$ 6,726,906	\$ 8,930,237	\$ 9,253,791	\$ (323,554)
Capital assets, net	1,119,103	1,047,702	33,381,288	32,575,993	34,500,391	33,623,695	876,696
Total assets	<u>3,755,728</u>	3,574,587	39,674,900	39,302,899	43,430,628	<u>42,877,486</u>	553,142
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	83,019	21,700	479,787	376,386	562,806	398,086	164,720
Non-current liabilities	-		•				
Total liabilities	83,019	21,700	479,787	376,386	562,806	398,086	164,720
Net Assets							
Invested in capital							
assets	1,119,103	1,047,702	33,381,288	32,575,993	34,500,391	33,623,695	876,696
Unrestricted	2,553,606	2,505,185	5,813,825	6,350,520	8,367,431	8,855,705	(488,274)
Total net assets	\$ 3,672,709	\$ 3,552,887	<u>\$ 39,195,113</u>	\$ 38,926,513	<u>\$ 42,867,822</u>	<u>\$ 42,479,400</u>	<u>\$ 388,422</u>

By far the largest portion of the District's net assets (80%) reflects it's net capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, etc.). The District uses its capital assets to provide the services it is responsible for and those assets don't represent future expendable resources. The second largest portion of the District's net assets, approximately 20%, reflects its unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table displays the change in the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
Revenues	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	2009	2010	<u>2009</u>	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,732,243	\$ 4,469,286	\$ 4,732,243	\$ 4,469,286	
Capital grants and							
contributions	2,552	1,814	-	-	2,552	1,814	
General revenues							
Property taxes	450,302	576,485	-	-	450,302	576,485	
Assessments	82,418	87,493	-	-	82,418	87,493	
Investment earnings	1,751	9,683	10,778	35,918	12,529	45,601	
Capacity fees	-	-	6,172	-	6,172	-	
Miscellaneous		4,988	32,075	5,042	32,075	10,030	
Total revenues	537,023	680,463	4,781,268	4,510,246	5,318,291	5,190,709	
Expenses							
Community center	7,894	1,592			7,894	1,592	
Lighting and landscaping	7,094	1,392	-	-	7,054	1,394	
Zone 8	455,996	358,985	_		455,996	358,985	
Lighting and landscaping	433,220	550,705	_	_	433,990	330,963	
Zone 9	53,533	11,909	_	_	53,533	11,909	
Water and sewer	33,333	11,505	5,051,168	4,735,253	5,051,168	4,735,253	
Total expenses	517,423	372,486	5,051,168	4,735,253	<u>5,568,591</u>	5,107,739	
Total expenses			3,031,100	4,733,233	<u> </u>	3,107,739	
Transfers	. — -	<u>-</u>				-	
Change in net assets	19,600	307,977	(269,900)	(225,007)	(250,300)	82,970	
Contributed capital	100,222	57,861	538,500	16,063,913	638,722	16,121,774	
Net assets, beginning of year	3,552,887	3,187,049	38,926,513	23,087,607	42,479,400	26,274,656	
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 3,672,709</u>	<u>\$ 3,552,887</u>	<u>\$39,195,113</u>	\$38,926,513	<u>\$42,867,822</u>	<u>\$42,479,400</u>	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

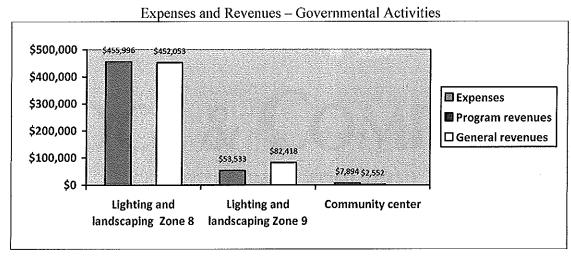
June 30, 2010

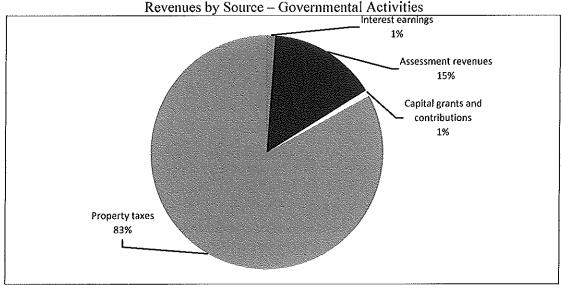
Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The \$250,300 decrease in net assets is attributed to each function as follows:

Governmental Activities

- Property tax revenue decreased by \$126,183 due to a decrease in current secured property taxes.
- Investment revenue decreased by \$7,932 due to the significant decline in interest rates during fiscal year 2010.
- Costs for repairs and maintenance increased \$75,353 (47%). Costs for salaries increased \$34,845 (263%).





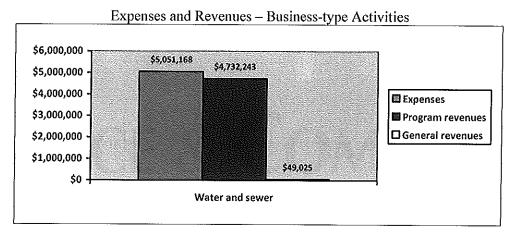
Management's Discussion and Analysis

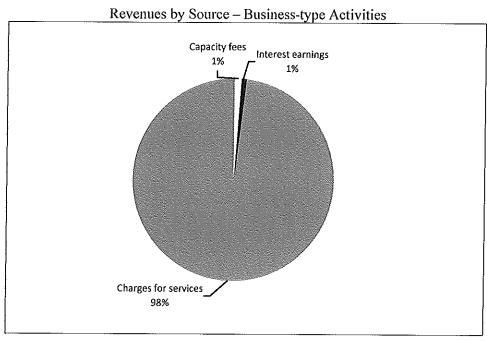
June 30, 2010

Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Business-type Activities

- Revenues from investment earnings decreased \$25,140 (70%) due to a decrease in interest rates during fiscal year 2010.
- Revenues from water and sewer usage charges increased \$438,167 (10%).
- Expenses increased \$315,914 (7%) primarily due to higher depreciation, contract services, and payroll costs.





Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows and outflows and balances of current expendable resources. In particular, the *unreserved fund balance* presented in the balance sheet may serve as a useful measure of the District's resources available for spending at the end of its fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's combined governmental fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$97,469 primarily due to increased expenditures. This resulted in a \$97,469 decrease in the combined ending fund balance of the District's governmental funds. The fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 fund decreased by \$100,654, the fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 fund increased by \$8,379, and the fund balance of the community center fund decreased by \$5,194. At year-end, the combined fund balance of governmental funds was \$2,507,938, consisting of unreserved funds, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information, in more detail, on the business-type activities presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The net assets of the proprietary funds increased by \$268,600 from \$38,926,513 to \$39,195,113. The net assets included \$5,813,825 in unrestricted net assets which has decreased by \$536,695 or 8% from the previous year. The decrease in unrestricted net assets is primarily due to an increase in operating expenses.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$34,500,391 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, structures and improvements, and treatment and collection.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

The District's total investment in capital assets before depreciation increased by \$2,066,157 from \$38,192,132 to \$40,258,289. Significant additions to capital assets included:

- Well and pump station #6 (\$723,023)
- UV water purification system and bypass pipeline (\$590,824)
- Golf course valve station (\$538,500)

The following table displays the changes in District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in rounded dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
		2010	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>			<u>2009</u>
Land	\$	258,083	\$ 100,000	\$	267,000	\$	267,000	\$	525,083	\$	367,000
Buildings and improvements		1,392,409	1,450,270		258,370		257,150		1,650,779		1,707,420
Treatment and collection		-	-	2	8,684,047	2	3,626,402	28	8,684,047	2	8,626,402
Structure and improvements		-	-	1	6,689,926	(5,151,426	(5,689,926		6,151,426
Equipment		23,342	17,302		804,070		781,681		827,412		798,983
Office furniture and equipment		4,309	4,309		-		-		4,309		4,309
Vehicles		16,586	16,586		356,928		356,928		373,514		373,514
Construction in progress	_	32,269	 5,976		1,470,94 <u>8</u>		157,101		1,503,217		163,077
Total		1,726,998	1,594,443	3	8,531,289	36	5,597,688	4(),258,287	3	8,192,131
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(607,895)	 (546,741)	_(5,150,001)	_(4	1,021,695)	_(:	5 <u>,757,896</u>)	_(<u>4,568,436</u>)
Net capital assets	\$	<u>1,119,103</u>	\$ 1,047,702	<u>\$3.</u>	3,381,288	<u>\$32</u>	2 <u>,575,993</u>	\$34	<u>1,500,391</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>3,623,695</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E of the "Notes to Financial Statements" section.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During August 2010, in accordance with Propsition 218, the District approved an increase in rates for water and wastewater service charges of 9% effective July 1, 2010. During August 2010, the District approved the same established rate for Ravenswood Improvement District (L & L #9) for the fiscal year 2010-2011.

Residential development will continue, but at a much slower pace compared with the past several years, resulting in revenues from water and wastewater capacity fees that are lower than recent years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's financial accountability and compliance with applicable laws for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information can be addressed to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, Attention: General Manager, 1800 Willow Lake Road, Discovery Bay, California 94505.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

Assets	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type activities	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 2,569,098	\$ 5,948,789	\$ 8,517,887
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for	Ψ 2,505,050	Ψ 2,210,703	Ψ 0,517,007
doubtful accounts	-	244,752	244,752
Note receivable	45,668		45,668
Advances on taxes	695	832	1,527
Due from other funds	2,711	51,613	54,324
Inventory	13,161	,	13,161
Prepaid insurance	5,292	47,626	52,918
Capital assets, net of accumulated	•	,	,
depreciation	1,119,103	33,381,288	34,500,391
Total assets	3,755,728	39,674,900	43,430,628
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	69,872	437,165	507,037
Accrued payroll	3,903	25,570	29,473
Deferred revenue	<u></u>	17,052	17,052
Due to other funds	9,244		9,244
Total liabilities	83,019	479,787	562,806
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related			
debt	1,119,103	33,381,288	34,500,391
Unrestricted	2,553,606	5,813,825	8,367,431
Total net assets	<u>\$ 3,672,709</u>	<u>\$ 39,195,113</u>	<u>\$ 42,867,822</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2010

			Program revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Community center	7,894	_	-	2,552
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	455,996	-	-	-
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	53,533			
Total governmental activities	517,423	-		2,552
Business-type activities				
Water and sewer	<u>5,051,168</u>	4,732,243	_	
Total business-type activities	5,051,168	4,732,243	_	
Total government	<u>\$ 5,568,591</u>	<u>\$ 4,732,243</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,552</u>

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Homeowners property tax relief

Other

Assessments

Investment income

Capacity fees

Other income

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Contributed capital

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

	Net (expense	e) rev	enue and change	es in net assets	
G	overnmental activities]	Business-type <u>activities</u>	<u>Totals</u>	
\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ -	
,	(5,342)		_	(5,342)
	(455,996)		-	(455,996)	
_	(53,533)		-	(53,533)	
	(514,871)		w	(514,871))
			(318,925)	(318,925))
	<u>-</u>		(318,925)	(318,925))
_	(514,871)		(318,925)	(833,796))
	445,523		-	445,523	
	4,757		_	4,757	
	22		-	22	
	82,418		-	82,418	
	1,751		10,778	12,529	
	-		6,172	6,172	
			32,075	32,075	
	534,471		49,025	583,496	
	19,600		(269,900)	(250,300)	ı
	100,222		538,500	638,722	
	3,552,887		38,926,513	42,479,400	
<u>\$</u>	3,672,709	<u>\$</u>	39,195,113	<u>\$ 42,867,822</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

	Special revenue funds						
	Gene <u>fun</u>		С	ommunity center	Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	Total governmental <u>funds</u>
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	531,261	\$ 1,753,945	\$ 283,892	\$ 2,569,098
Advances on taxes		-		-	695	=	695
Inventory		-		13,160	-	-	13,160
Prepaid insurance		-		-	5,292	-	5,292
Due from other funds					2,711		2,711
Total assets	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	544,421	<u>\$ 1,762,643</u>	\$ 283,892	<u>\$ 2,590,956</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 45,905	\$ 23,966	\$ 69,871
Accrued payroll		-		-	3,903	-	3,903
Due to other funds		=		-	334	8,910	9,244
Total liabilities					50,142	32,876	83,018
Fund balances							
Unreserved, undesignated				<u>544,421</u>	_1,712,501	<u>251,016</u>	<u>2,507,938</u>
Total fund balances				544,421	1,712,501	<u>251,016</u>	<u>2,507,938</u>
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	<u>544,421</u>	<u>\$ 1,762,643</u>	<u>\$ 283,892</u>	<u>\$ 2,590,956</u>
Reconciliation to statement of ne	et assets						
Total governmental fund balan	ices						2,507,938
Amounts reported for governm because:	nental act	ivities	in th	ne statement	of net assets are	different	
Notes receivable in g period expenditure		ntal fu	ınds	are not ava	ilable to pay for	current	45,668
Capital assets used in therefore, are not r	-				financial resour	ces and,	1,119,103
Net assets of governmental act	ivities						<u>\$ 3,672,709</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2010

	Special revenue funds					
			Lighting and	Lighting and	Total	
	General	Community	landscaping	landscaping	governmental	
D.	<u>fund</u>	center	Zone 8	Zone 9	<u>funds</u>	
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 399,855	\$ -	\$ 399,855	
Property taxes Assessment income	Б -	Б -	\$ 399,033		•	
	-	1.40	1.604	82,418	82,418	
Investment income	-	148	1,604	-	1,752	
Homeowners property tax relief	-	-	4,757	-	4,757	
Other	-		22	-	22	
Contributions		2,552			2,552	
Total revenues		2,700	406,238	82,418	<u>491,356</u>	
Expenditures						
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	204,133	32,966	237,099	
Utilities	_		96,844	5,666	102,510	
Administration	-	-	53,194	, 	53,194	
Other	_	7,700	17,539	2,711	27,950	
Professional fees	-	194	23,132	12,191	35,517	
Capital outlay	-	-	112,050	20,505	132,555	
Total expenditures		7,894	506,892	74,039	588,825	
-						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(5,194)	(100,654)	8,379	(97,469)	
N. 4 . 1		(5.104)	(100 (54)	9 270	(07.4(0)	
Net change in fund balances	-	(5,194)	(100,654)	8,379	(97,469)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	549,615	1,712,933	242,637	2,505,185	
,						
Contributed capital			100,222		100,222	
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 544,421</u>	<u>\$ 1,712,501</u>	\$ 251,016	<u>\$2,507,938</u>	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation to statement of activities

Net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (97,469)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because of the following:	
Depreciation expense related to capital assets is recognized in the statement of activities, but is not reported in the funds	(61,154)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities record depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets	132,555
The issuance of notes receivable are recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds and increases notes receivable in the statement of net assets	 45,668
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 19,600

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2010

Amoto	Water and sewer fund						
Assets							
Current assets Cash and investments	\$ 5,948,789						
	\$ 5,948,789 244,752						
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$36,905 Advances on taxes	832						
Due from other funds	51,613						
	47,626						
Prepaid insurance	47,020						
Total current assets	6,293,612						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	33,381,288						
Total assets	39,674,900						
Liabilities and Net Assets							
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)							
Accounts payable	437,165						
Accrued payroll	25,570						
Deferred revenue	17,052						
Total current liabilities	479,787						
Total liabilities	479,787						
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	33,381,288						
Unrestricted							
Board designated	3,000,000						
Undesignated	2,813,825						
Total net assets	\$ 39,195,113						

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2010

		Vater and ewer fund
Operating revenues		
Charges for services	\$	4,638,830
Reimbursements		91,693
Other		25,007
Capacity fees		6,172
Connection fees		1,720
Total operating revenues	*****	4,763,422
Operating expenses		
Contract services		1,610,228
Depreciation		1,135,605
Utilities		699,538
Repairs and maintenance		676,345
Payroll		437,033
Miscellaneous		142,693
Professional fees		115,904
Insurance		54,877
Permits and fees		45,181
Chemicals		32,328
Memberships		28,073
Supplies		17,730
Telephone and communications		17,457
Public communication		15,718
Directors' expenses		13,812
Taxes and assessments		5,152
Staff training		<u>1,016</u>
Total operating expenses		5,048,690
Operating loss		(285,268)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Bad debt expense		(2,478)
Interest income		10,778
Gain on disposition of asset	<u></u>	7,068
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		15,368
Change in net assets		(269,900)
Net assets, beginning of year		38,926,513
Contributed capital		538,500
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	39,195,113

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2010

	Water and sewer fund
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to directors and employees Payments to other funds for services	\$ 4,711,343 (3,416,675) (439,307) (53,005)
Net cash provided by operating activities	802,356
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds on disposition of asset Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,415,468) 20,136 (1,395,332)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income	10,778
Net cash provided by investing activities	10,778
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(582,198)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	6,530,987
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 5,948,789</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (285,268)
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities	1,135,605
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(52,143) (47,626)
Due from other funds Accounts payable	(51,613) 93,191
Accrued payroll Deferred revenue Due to other funds	11,538 64 (1,392)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 802,356

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

The Water and Sewer Fund received \$538,500 noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements.

Description of the reporting entity

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, formerly known as Discovery Bay Community Services District was formed by the residents of Discovery Bay under the authority of the Cortese-Knox Act (Gov. C. Sec. 56000). This newly formed special district was formed as a result of a petition of residents to provide services to the residents of Discovery Bay. Effective July 1, 1998, the District assumed the responsibilities, funding, and assets previously held by the dissolved Sanitation District #19. During November 1998, the residents of Discovery Bay voted to activate the latent powers of the District to include recreation; specifically, to acquire, fund, and operate a Community Center.

Effective August 13, 2003, the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) of Contra Costa County dissolved County Service Area M-8 and annexed the territory to the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District. The District is responsible for maintaining the lighting, landscaping, and parks within Service Area M-8 of the Town of Discovery Bay.

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District formed an assessment district known as Ravenswood Improvement District – Discovery Bay Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 for the purpose of providing for the operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

The purpose of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, a multipurpose independent district, is to represent the residents of Discovery Bay in any matters covered under the California Government Code relating to a Community Services District. In addition to the purposes listed in the Government Code, the District has been ordered by LAFCO and the Board of Supervisors to perform an advisory role for the residents of Discovery Bay. This role includes, but is not limited to, advising the County in matters of land use planning, zoning, compliance, roads and streets, lighting, landscaping, parks and public safety services. The District also provides water and sewer services to the Town of Discovery Bay.

Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the District. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Community Center	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of acquiring, funding, and operating a community center.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of community lighting and landscape features in Zone 8.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u> <u>Brie</u>	ef description
wastewater services activities necessary t accounted for in this operations, capital in	ivities of providing water and to the residents of the District. All to provide such services are fund, including administration, approvements, maintenance, financing vice, and billing and collection.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The District's operating revenues include all revenues derived from water and sewage services. Operating expenses include all costs related to water and sewage services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses, except for capital contributions, which represent capital contributions collected for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available."

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Cash, cash equivalents and investments

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. This also includes short term commercial paper and U.S. Agency bonds.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at unpaid balances, less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The District provides for losses on accounts receivable using the allowance method. The allowance is based on historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding accounts receivable.

Inventory

Inventory held in the special revenue fund is carried at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The District's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

Depreciation has been provided on capital assets and is charged as an expense against operations each year. The total amount of depreciation taken over the years is reported on the balance sheet as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Structures and improvements 5-50 years
Equipment 5-25 years
Vehicles 5 years

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Equity classification

Equity in the government-wide statements is classified as net assets and displayed in three components as follows:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund equity in the fund financial statements is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statement.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables
 and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the
 Statement of Net Assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and
 business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

Property taxes

Property taxes and property assessments were levied January 1, 2009, assessed July 1, 2009 and were payable in two installments on December 10, 2009 and April 10, 2010. The County of Contra Costa bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District.

Contributed capital

Effective August 13, 2003, the District recorded contributed capital to transfer funds from County Service M-8 to Lighting and landscaping Zone 8. The Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 district became the responsibility of the District on August 13, 2003. The contributed capital represents all capital assets and assets transferred to the District.

The District has received \$18,757,813 of noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure. This includes \$538,500 received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary accounting

The District does not adopt appropriated budgets. However, the District does adopt non-appropriated budgets annually, which are approved by the Board of Directors.

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

New accounting pronouncements

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for all governments that report governmental funds. In addition, it establishes the criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The District will be required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the year ending June 30, 2011. This Statement will not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note B – Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and investments

8,517,88<u>7</u>

Total cash and investments

\$ 8,517,887

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 564,957	
Contra Costa County Treasurer	3,940,367	
Investments	4,012,563	
	\$ 8,517,887	
Investment Type	Carrying value	Fair value
U.S. Agencies – Bonds	\$ 4,006,000	\$ 4,006,000
Certificate of Deposit	6,563	6,563
	<u>\$ 4,012,563</u>	<u>\$ 4,012,563</u>

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for the Lighting and landscaping fund whose investments were directed by Contra Costa County. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net assets and balance sheet as "cash and investments". Cash balances from all participating funds are combined and invested to the extent possible, pursuant to the Board of Directors approved Investment Policy and guidelines, and the California Government Code Section 53600.

The Government Code and the District's Investment Policy allow investments in the following instruments:

Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized <u>Limit%</u>	Required <u>Rating</u>
Local Agency Bonds	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes, or Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and bonds of other Local California			
Agencies including pooled investment			
accounts	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agencies	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	270 days	40%	None
Prime Commercial Paper	180 days	15% or 30%	A1/P1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase			
Agreements	N/A	None/20%	None

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

	Maximum	Authorized	Required
Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Limit%</u>	Rating
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	A
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	2-AAA
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	30%	AA
Funds held under the Terms of a Trust			
Indenture or other contract	*	*	*

^{*}Such funds may be invested according to the provisions of those indentures or agreements.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		12 months	13 - 2	4	25-3	6	37 -	- 48	49 -	- 60	More	than 60
Investment Type	<u>Totals</u>	or less	month	<u>s</u>	mon	<u>ths</u>	mor	ths.	moi	<u>nths</u>	mo	onths.
U.S. Agencies - Bonds	\$ 4,006,000	\$ 4,006,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Certificate of Deposit	6,563	6,563		Ξ.						_=		-
Total	<u>\$4,012,563</u>	<u>\$4,012,563</u>	\$	=	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

				Rating as of Fiscal Year End					
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	Minimum Legal <u>Rating</u>	Exempt From <u>Disclosure</u>	<u>AAA</u>	<u>AA</u>	A	Not Rated	As of Investment	
U.S. Agencies Bonds Certificate of Deposit	\$4,006,000 6,563	N/A <u>N/A</u>	\$ - 	\$4,006,000	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ - 6,563	99% <u>1</u> %	
Total	<u>\$4,012,563</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>s</u>	\$4,006,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,563</u>	<u>100</u> %	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in certain types of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Deposits with financial institutions and Contra Costa County Treasurer

Cash on deposit in commercial accounts is insured by the FDIC. Cash held by the Contra-Costa County Treasury is pooled with other County deposits for investment purposes by the County Treasurer in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasurer (see County Treasurer's investment policy at http://www.co.contra-costa.ca.us/). The Pool has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the Pool.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note B – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of the participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is prorated to individual funds based on their average daily cash balances. The value of the District shares in the Pool, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the Pool. The District's investment in the Pool is unrated, stated at cost which approximates fair value, available upon demand and considered cash equivalents.

Note C - Note Receivable

Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District was \$45,668.

This borrowing by the State of California was recognized as a receivable in the accompanying financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the borrowed tax revenues are not permitted to be recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements until the tax revenues are received from the State of California (expected to be fiscal year 2012-2013). In the government-wide financial statements, the tax revenues were recognized in the fiscal year for which they were levied (fiscal year 2009-10).

Note D - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions consist of the following:

Transfers between funds

Resources may be transferred from one District fund to another with approval. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Less often, a transfer may be made to open or close a fund.

Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Transf	Transfers Out		
Major Governmental Funds				
Community Center	\$	-	\$	-
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 Fund		45,414		2,711
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 Fund		8,910		-

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note D - Interfund Transactions (Continued)

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out			
Major Proprietary Fund					
Water and Sewer Fund	<u> </u>	51,613			
Total interfund transfers	\$ 54,324	<u>\$ 54,324</u>			

In general, the District uses interfund transfers to:

- Transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the water and sewer fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds
- Fund operations (move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them)
- Fund interdepartmental cost reimbursement
- Fund capital projects

The effect of the interfund activity has not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements as the amounts relate to transfers between governmental and business-type activities. The transfers have resulted from deposits made by Contra Costa County into the Sewer and Water Fund for revenues of the Community Center Special Revenue Fund.

Note E - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, is as follows:

	Balance						Balance			
	Jun	e 30, 2009	A	Additions	<u>Del</u>	etions	Transfers	Jun	e 30, 2010	
Governmental activities										
Nondepreciable capital assets										
Land	\$	100,000	\$	100,222	\$	-	\$ 57,861	\$	258,083	
Construction in progress		5,976		26,293	<u></u>				32,269	
Total nondepreciable										
capital assets		105,976		126,515			57,861		290,352	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2010
Depreciable capital assets	June 30, 2009	Additions	Detectoris	1141131013	3011C 30, 2010
Equipment	17,302	6,040	-	_	23,342
Buildings and improvements		-	_	(57,861)	1,392,409
Office furniture and	-, ,			(,,	,,
equipment	4,309	_	-	_	4,309
Vehicles	16,586				16,586
Total depreciable capital					
assets	1,488,467	6,040	_	(57,861)	1,436,646
Less accumulated	1,100,107	0,010		(07,001)	1, 150,010
depreciation	(546,741)	(61,154)	_	_	(607,895)
-	,	/	<u></u>		
Net depreciable capital	041.706	(EE 114)		(57.061)	000 751
assets	941,726	(55,114)		(57,861)	828,751
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 1,047,702</u>	<u>\$ 71,401</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,103</u>
Business-type activities					
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 267,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,000
Construction in progress	<u> 157,101</u>	1,313,847			1,470,948
Total nondepreciable					
capital assets	424,101	1,313,847	-	-	1,737,948
-					
Depreciable capital assets	257 150	1,220			258,370
Buildings and improvements Treatment and collection	257,150 28,626,402	57,645	-	-	238,370
Structures and improvements	• •	538,500	_	-	6,689,926
Equipment	781,681	42,756	(20,367)	_	804,070
Vehicles	356,928	42,750	(20,307)	_	356,928
	550(520				
Total depreciable capital			(00000		0.0000011
assets	36,173,587	640,121	(20,367)	-	36,793,341
Less accumulated	(4.001.605)	(1.125.605)	7.000		(6.150.001)
depreciation	(4,021,695)	(1,135,605)	<u>7,299</u>		(5,150,001)
Net depreciable capital					
assets	32,151,892	(495,484)	(13,068)		<u>31,643,340</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 32,575,993</u>	<u>\$ 818,363</u>	<u>\$(13,068</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 33,381,288</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

Governmental activities:

Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	<u>\$ 61,154</u>
Total depreciation expense – Governmental activities	<u>\$ 61,154</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	<u>\$ 1,135,605</u>
Total depreciation expense – Business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,135,605</u>

Note F – Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; risk of loss to employees; and natural disasters.

In order to insure for risks of loss, the District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the SDRMA is such that the SDRMA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The SDRMA arranges for and provides property, liability and worker's compensation coverage for its member districts. The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District participates in all programs.

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the SDRMA. The District's share of surpluses and deficits cannot be determined, although District management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material in relation to the financial statements.

The District is covered by the following types of insurance through the SDRMA as of June 30, 2010:

Coverage	Limits of liability
General liability	\$ 5,000,000
Public officials and employees errors	5,000,000
Personal liability coverage for board members	500,000
Employment practices liability	5,000,000
Employee benefits liability	5,000,000
Employee dishonesty coverage	400,000
Auto liability	5,000,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorists	750,000
Property coverage	1,000,000,000
Boiler and machinery	100,000,000
Statutory workers' compensation	Statutory

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note G - Governing Board

The powers of the District are exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of five directors each elected for a term of four years by the qualified electors within the District.

As of June 30, 2010, the members of the District's Board of Directors were as follows:

<u>Trustee</u>	Term expires
Kevin Graves	December 2010
Mark Simon	December 2012
Brian Dawson	December 2010
David Piepho	December 2010
Ray Tetreault	December 2012

Note H - Contingencies and Commitments

The District is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations that, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. In addition, the District has entered into construction and service contracts with various companies. Many of the contracts are considered fixed fee arrangements. However, work under these contracts could be discontinued at the direction of the District. Therefore, it is the opinion of management that a fixed commitment does not exist.